Hercules Slaying the Nemean Lion
This monstrous beast had a skin which was impervious to weapons. Hercules killed the lion by strangling it with his bare hands. He subsequently wore the invulnerable pelt.

Hercules Capturing the Wild Boar of Erymanthus
By using tenacity and great strength as well as guile, Hercules was able to capture this savage beast before it laid waste to the rest of the countryside.

Hercules Slaying the Lernaean Hydra
This monster serpent had nine heads, one of which was immortal. Each time Hercules struck off a head, two more would grow in its place. With the aid of a confederate who used a torch to cauterize the severed heads, Hercules was able to vanquish the beast. He buried the immortal head beneath a large rock.

Hercules and the Stymphalian Birds
These birds had wings, beaks and claws of iron and fed on human flesh. Even though they blotted out the sun because of their great numbers, Hercules slew them all.

Hercules Capturing the Ceryneian Hind
In order to secure her antlers of gold, Hercules chased this deer for an entire year before finally running it down and delivering her to Eurystheus.

Hercules Cleaning the Stables of Augeias
These foul stables, home to 3,000 oxen, had not been cleaned for 30 years. Hercules cleaned the stables in one day by rerouting a river through the cowsheds.

Hercules Slaying the Lernaean Hydra

The Twelve Labors of Hercules

Almost from the time the state Legislature removed The Twelve Labors of Hercules from the state House of Representatives, Centralia College officials began work to bring the unique murals to its campus. College and community leaders recognized that having historically significant art on campus would enhance the college’s impressive portfolio of public art. The college’s art is coupled with murals that are located throughout a city that is known for murals that tell stories of this region’s history—all contributing to Centralia’s enviable reputation as a destination art center.

The Twelve Labors of Hercules is artwork that, under normal circumstances, a college of this size could not easily afford, yet the college harvests two murals that were created by nationally acclaimed artists. Additionally, college leaders said, students could benefit from a reminder of one of the valuable lessons that can be gained from the story of Hercules: Hard work can overcome seemingly impossible challenges. For some students, the challenge of working toward a degree or training for a career appears as a herculean task. Yet through hard work and perseverance, students will achieve success in the classroom and in life.
Hercules and Hippolyte
Hercules was sent to fetch the magnificent jeweled girdle from this Amazon Queen and it was given him willingly. However, a false rumor that their queen was being kidnapped made the Amazon people attack Hercules. Believing that he’d been betrayed, he slaughtered the Amazons and their queen.

Hercules and Antaeus
Antaeus was a monstrous bandit who forced all he met to wrestle with him to the death. He was the son of Gaia, Mother Earth, and had the power of regaining his strength simply by touching the ground. After many hours of wrestling, Hercules vanquished the monster by placing the crushed body in a tree.

Twelve Labors of Hercules
The mythological Hercules was the son of Alcmene, daughter of Electryon, and Jupiter. Juno, always hostile to the offspring of her husband by mortal mothers, sought ways to destroy the infant. The unique strength of Hercules became apparent when, while still in his cradle, he strangled two serpents sent by Juno to destroy him. Hercules became the national hero of Greece. But Hercules was not without his enemies. One of them, Juno, drove Hercules insane. In his madness, Hercules slew his children and would have slain his wife, Amphirynth, but the gods intervened to prevent this. To atone for these killings, he was compelled to perform 12 impossible labors.

Michael Spafford took artistic license in creating his murals. Panels 10 and 12 are myths associated with Hercules but are not among the original 12 labors. Charles Mills Galey, a University of California professor and an expert on mythology, notes in his book, The Classic Myths, that Hercules was originally tasked to capture the oxen of Geryon, a monster with three bodies, who dwelt in the island Erythea. Another of his tasks not included in the Spafford murals, is the robbery of the golden apples of the Hesperides. In place of these labors, Spafford chose to include the Hercules and Antaeus and Wrestling with Death panels.